RESPONSE TO RESTRICTION REQUIREMENT U.S. Appln. No. 09/842,637

Claim 3. (Twice Amended) The method as claimed in claim 9, wherein said antibiotic is used at a concentration of 25 to $150\mu\text{g/ml}$ with bacteria present at a concentration of 10^5 to 10^9 bacteria/ml.

Claim 4. (Twice Amended) The method as claimed in claim 9, wherein said bacteria are selected from the group consisting of Staphylococcus aureus, Escherichia coli, Haemophilus influenzae, Streptococcus pyogenes, Streptococcus gordonii and Mycobacterium tuberculosis.

Claim 5. (Twice Amended) The method as claimed in claim 9, wherein said bacteria are Mycobacterium tuberculosis and said antibiotic) is rifampicin.

Claim 6. (Twice Amended) The method as claimed in claim 9, wherein said bacteria are Escherichia coli and said antibiotic is kanamycin.

Claim 7. (Twice Amended) The method as claimed in claim 9, wherein said bacteria are Staphylococcus aureus and said antibiotic is ampicillin.

Claim 9. (Twice Amended) A method for assessing the antibacterial activity of a test compound or agent or for isolating a compound or agent having antibacterial activity against stationary phase bacteria comprising the steps of:

- (i) preparing a phenotypically antibiotic-resistant subpopulation of stationary phase bacteria according to the method comprising at least the steps of:
- (a) growing a bacterial culture to stationary phase to obtain a stationary phase culture; and

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